1.1.3.4 7SR242 Transformer Protection Relay



Description

Our new generation of integrated transformer protection relays are designated the 7SR24 series. The relays utilise years of numeric relay protection experience with the 'Duobias' family of products.

Housed in 4U high, size E8, E10 or E12 cases, these relays provide protection, control, monitoring, instrumentation and metering with integrated input and output logic, data logging & fault reports. Communication access to relay functionality is via a front USB port for local PC connection or rear electrical RS485 port for remote connection. Additional rear port options are available.

Function Overview

Standard Functionality

Circuit Breaker Fail		
High Impedance REF		
Trip/Close Circuit Supervision		
Inrush Detector		
Overfluxing Detector		
Biased Differential (2Windings)		
Current Differential High-Set		
8 Settings Groups		
Password Protection – 2 levels		
User Programmable Logic Equations, via HMI		
Graphical Programmable Logic, via pc application		
Self Monitoring		

Optional Functionality

24	Over-Fluxing
27/59	Under/Over Voltage
37/37G	Undercurrent
46BC	Open Circuit
46NPS	Negative Phase Sequence Overcurrent
49	Thermal Overload
50	Instantaneous Overcurrent
50G/N	Instantaneous Earth Fault
51	Time Delayed Overcurrent
51G/N	Time Delayed Measured Earth Fault /SEF
59N	Neutral Voltage Displacement
81	Under/Over Frequency

User Interface

20 character x 4 line backlit LCD Menu navigation keys 3 fixed LEDs 16, 24 or 32 Programmable Tri-colour LEDs (Option)

Monitoring Functions

Primary current phases and earth Secondary current phases and earth Relay Operate and restraint currents Positive Phase Sequence (PPS) Current Negative Phase Sequence (NPS) Current Zero Phase Sequence (ZPS) Current Thermal status Primary Single phase voltage* Secondary single phase voltage* Data logging and Demand Metering Frequency & fluxing* Binary Input/binary output and virtual I/O status Trip circuit healthy/failure Time and date Fault records Event records Waveform records Circuit breaker trip counters I²t summation for contact wear * Optional voltage measurements from single phase VT input

Description of Functionality

50BF Circuit Breaker Fail

The circuit breaker fail function may be triggered from an internal trip signal or from a binary input. Line and neutral currents are monitored following a trip signal and an output is issued if any current is still detected after a specified time interval. Alternatively, if the trip is from a mechanical protection the circuit breaker position can be used to determine a failure. A second time delay is available to enable another stage to be utilized if required. An input is also available to bypass the time delays when the circuit breaker is known to be faulty.

64H Restricted Earth Fault - scheme

The measured earth fault input may be used in a high impedance restricted earth fault scheme. Required external series stabilising resistor and non-linear voltage limiting shunt resistor can be supplied.

74TCS/CCS Trip/Close Circuit Supervision

The trip and close circuit(s) can be monitored via binary inputs. Circuit failure raises an HMI alarm and output(s).

81HBL2 Inrush Detector

Where second harmonic current is detected (i.e. during transformer energisation) user selectable elements can be blocked.

81HBL5 Overfluxing Detector

Fifth Harmonic Detectors can be user selected to block the Biased Differential Elements.

87BD Biased Differential

The differential characteristic incorporates two bias stages – the first stage for steady state errors i.e. tap position and CT ratios the second stage for transient errors i.e. CT saturation.

87HS High-Set Differential

High speed differential elements provide protection against high levels of internal fault current.

Programmable Logic

The user can map Binary Inputs and Protection operated outputs to Function Inhibits, Logic Inputs, LEDs and/or Binary Outputs.

The user can also enter up to 16 equations defining scheme logic using standard functions e.g. Timers, Latches, AND/OR gates, Inverters and Counters.

Each Protection element output can be used for Alarm & Indication and/or tripping.

In addition, the Reydisp Manager PC application provides graphical programming of user logic within the device.

Circuit Breaker Maintenance

For each winding two circuit breaker operations counters are provided. The Maintenance Counter records the overall number of operations and the Delta Counter the number of operations since the last reset.

I²t summation Counters provide a measure of the contact wear indicating the total energy interrupted by the circuit breaker contacts.

Each counter has a user set target operations count which, when reached, can be mapped to raise Alarms/ Binary Outputs.

These counters assist with maintenance scheduling.

Function LED's

16 or 24 user programmable tri-colour LED's are provided eliminating the need for expensive panel mounted pilot lights and associated wiring. Each LED can be user set to red, green or yellow allowing for clear indication of the associated function's state. A slip-in label pocket along-side enables the user to insert his own notation. A printer compatible template is available.



Fig1. Tri-colour LED's

Optional Functionality

24 Over-Fluxing

Two elements each provide a definite time lag (DTL) characteristic, the third element provides a user defined

characteristic. Operates if Volts/Hertz ratio is above setting for duration of delay.

27/59 Under/Over Voltage

Each element has settings for pickup level, drop-off level and Definite Time Lag (DTL) delays. Operates if voltage 'exceeds' setting for duration of delay. This function can be used within load shedding schemes.

37/37G Undercurrent

Each element has settings for pickup level and Definite Time Lag (DTL) delays. Operates if current falls below setting for duration of delay.

46NPS Negative Phase Sequence Overcurrent

Two DTL and two inverse/DTL elements are provided. NPS Current elements can be used to detect unbalances on the system or remote earth faults when a delta-star transformer is in circuit.

46BC Open Circuit

Each element has settings for pickup level and DTL delay. With the circuit breaker closed, if the NPS:PPS current ratio is above setting this could be due to an open circuit.

49 Thermal Overload

The thermal algorithm calculates the thermal states from the measured line currents. Outputs are available for thermal overload and thermal capacity.

50/51 Phase Fault

50 INST/DTL and 51 IDMTL/DTL elements provide overcurrent protection, each with independent settings for pickup current, time-multiplier (51) and time-delays. IEC, ANSI or user defined Time Current Characteristics can be selected. The IDMT stage has a user programmable DTL or shaped current/time reset characteristic, to improve grading with electromechanical protection.

50G/51G/50N/51N Earth Fault

Two earth fault measurement modes are available. One mode directly measures the earth current from an independent CT, or the residual connection of the 3 line CTs (50G/51G). The second mode derives the earth current internally from the 3 phase CTs (50N/51N). 50 INST/DTL and 51 IDMTL/DTL elements provide overcurrent protection, each with independent settings for pickup current, time-multiplier (51) and time-delays. IEC, ANSI or user defined Time Current Characteristics can be selected.. The IDMT stage has a user programmable reset characteristic either DTL or shaped current/time reset characteristic to improve grading with electromechanical protection.

59N Neutral Overvoltage

One element provides a definite time lag (DTL) characteristic; the second element provides an inverse/DTL characteristic. Operates if Neutral voltage exceeds setting for duration of delay.

Neutral overvoltage can be used to detect earth faults in high impedance earthed or isolated systems.

81 Under/Overfrequency

Each element has settings for pickup level, drop-off level and Definite Time Lag (DTL) delays. Each element operates if frequency exceeds setting for duration of delay. Typically applied in load shedding schemes.

Technical Data

For full technical data refer to the Performance Specification Chapter of the Technical Manual.

Inputs and Outputs

Current Inputs

Quantity	6 x Phase & 2 x Earth
Rated Current IN	1/5A
Measuring Range	80 x ln
Instrumentation \geq 0.1xIn	±1% In
Frequency	50/60Hz
Thermal Withstand:	
Continuous	3.0 x ln
10 Minutes	3.5 x ln
5 Minutes	4.0 x ln
3 Minutes	5.0 x ln
2 Minutes	6.0 x ln
3 Seconds	57.7A (1A) 202A (5A)
2 Seconds	70.7A (1A) 247A (5A)
1 Second	100A (1A) 350A (5A)
1 Cycle	700A (1A) 2500A (5A)
Burden @ In	\leq 0.1VA (1A phase and Earth element) \leq 0.3VA (5A phase and earth element)

Voltage Inputs

Quantity	1 (optional)
Nominal Voltage	40160V a.c. Range
Instrumentation \geq 0.8xVn	±1% Vn
Thermal Withstand:	
Continuous	300V
1 Second	
Burden @ 110V	≤ 0.1 VA

Auxiliary supply

Nominal voltage	Operating Range
24 - 250V dc	19.2 - 275 V dc
100 - 230V ac	80 - 253 V ac

Nominal Voltage	Quiescent Burden (typical)	Quiescent Burden (back-light)
24V dc	6.0W	7.4W
48V dc	5.8W	7.1W
60V dc	5.8W	7.0W
110V dc	6.5W	7.5W
125V dc	5.4W	1.2W
220V dc	5.2W	6.4W
250V dc	5.2W	6.4W
100V ac	13.4VA	15.9VA
110V ac	13.7VA	16.2VA
115V ac	13.7VA	16.2VA
120V ac	14.0VA	16.6VA
200V ac	16.0VA	19.0VA
230V ac	17.0VA	20.2VA

Allowable superimposed ac component Allowable breaks/dips in supply (collapse to zero from ≤ 20 ms nominal voltage)

 \leq 12% of dc voltage

Binary Inputs

Operating Voltage	19V dc: Range 17 to 290V dc 88V dc: Range 74 to 290V dc
Maximum dc current for operation	1.5mA

Binary Outputs

Operating Voltage	Voltage Free
Operating Mode	User selectable - Self or Hand Reset
Contact Operate / Release Time.	7ms / 3ms
Making Capacity: Carry continuously Make and carry (L/R \leq 40 ms and V \leq 300 V)	5A ac or dc 20A ac or dc for 0.5s 30A ac or dc for 0.2s
Breaking Capacity (≤5 A and ≤300 V): AC Resistive AC Inductive DC Resistive DC Inductive	1250 VA 250 VA at p.f. \leq 0.4 75 W 30 W at L/R \leq 40ms 50 W at L/R \leq 10ms

Mechanical Tests

Vibration (Sinusoidal)

UUZ.	55-21	- I UI	0.00

Туре	Level	Variation
Vibration response	0.5 gn	≤ 5 %
Vibration endurance	1.0 gn	≤ 5 %

Shock and Bump

IEC 60255-21-2 Class I

Туре	Level	Variation
Shock response	5 gn, 11 ms	\leq 5 %
Shock withstand	15 gn, 11 ms	\leq 5 %
Bump test	10 gn, 16 ms	\leq 5 %

Seismic

IEC 60255-21-3 Clas	is I	
Туре	Level	Variation
Seismic response	1 gn	≤ 5 %

Mechanical Classification

>10⁶ operations

Electrical Tests

Durability

IEC 60255-5

Туре	Level
Between any terminal and earth	2.0 kV AC RMS for 1 min
Between independent circuits	2.0 kV AC RMS for 1 min
Across normally open contacts	1.0 kV AC RMS for 1 min

Transient Overvoltage IEC 60255-5

Between all terminals and	5 kV
earth or between any two	1.2/50 μs
independent circuits	0.5 J

High Frequency Disturbance IEC 60255-22-1 Class III

Туре	Level	Variation
Common	2.5 kV	≤ 5 %
(longitudinal) mode		
Series (transverse)	1.0 kV	≤ 5 %
mode		

Electrostatic Discharge

Туре	Level	Variation
Contact discharge	8.0 kV	< 5 %

Fast Transients

IEC 60255-22-4 Class IV

Туре	Level	Variation
5/50 ns 2.5 kHz	4kV	≤ 5 %
repetitive		

Surge Immunity

IEC 60255-22-5		
Туре	Level	Variation
Between all terminals and earth	4.0 kV	≤ 10 %
Between any two independent circuits	2.0kV	

Conducted Radio Frequency Interference

IEC 60255-22-6

Туре	Level	Variation
0.15 to 80 MHz	10 V	≤ 5 %

Radiated Radio Frequency

IEC 60255-25

Туре	Limits at 10 m, Quasi-peak
30 to 230 MHz	40 dB(μV)
230 to 10000 MHz	47 dB(uV)

Conducted Radio Frequency

Туре	Limits	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.5 MHz	79 dB(μV)	66 dB(μV)
0.5 to 30 MHz	73 dB(μV)	60 dB(µV)

Radiated Immunity

IEC 60255-22-3 Class III

Туре	Level	Variation
80 MHz to 1000	10 V/m	≤ 5 %
MHz		

Magnetic Field with Power Frequency IEC 61000-4-8, Class V

100 A/m continuous	50Hz; 1.257mT
1000 A/m for 3s	

Climatic Tests

Temperature

IEC 60068-2-1/2

Operating Range	-10 °C to +55 °C
Storage range	-25 °C to +70 °C

Humidity IEC 60068-2-3

Operational test 56 days at 40 °C and 93 %

ID Patings

IF Katiliys	
Туре	Level
Installed with cover	IP 51 from front of relay
Installed with cover removed	IP 20 from front of relay

relative humidity

Performance

27/59 Under/Over Voltage

	5
Number of Elements	4 Under or Over
Setting Range Vs	5, 5.5200V
Hysteresis Setting	0.0.180%
Vs Operate Level	100% Vs, ±1% or ±0.25V
Reset Level:	
Undervoltage	(100% + hyst) x Vop, ±1% or 0.25V
Overvoltage	(100% - hyst) x Vop, ±1% or 0.25V
Delay Setting td	0.00, 0.0120, 20.5100, 1011000, 101010000, 1010014400s
Basic Operate Time :	
0 to 1.1xVs	73ms ±10ms
0 to 2.0xVs	63ms ±10ms
1.1 to 0.5xVs	58ms ±10ms
Operate time following delay.	Tbasic + td , \pm 1% or \pm 10ms
Inhibited by	Binary or Virtual Input U/V Guard

37, 37G Undercurrent

Number of Elements	Phase (37) x 2 Earth (37G) x 2
Setting Range Is	0.05, 0.105.0 x In
Operate Level	100% ls, ±5% or ±1%xln
Delay Setting td	0.00, 0.0120, 20.5100, 1011000, 101010000, 1010014400s
Basic Operate Time: 1.1 to 0.5xln	35ms ±10ms
Operate time following delay.	Tbasic + td , \pm 1% or \pm 10ms
Overshoot Time	< 40ms
Inhibited by	Binary or Virtual Input U/I Guard (37)

46 Negative Phase Sequence Overcurrent

Number of Elements	DT & IT
DT Setting Range Is	0.05, 0.064.0 x In
DT Operate Level	100% ls, ±5% or ±1%xln
DT Delay Setting td	0.00, 0.0120, 20.5100,

	1011000, 101010000, 1010014400s
DT Basic Operate Time: 0 to 2 x ls	40ms ±10ms
DT Operate time following delay.	Tbasic + td , ±1% or ±10ms
IT Char Setting	IEC: NI,VI,EI,LTI ANSI: MI,VI,EI DTL
IT Setting Range	0.05, 0.062.5
Tm Time Multiplier	0.025, 0.0501.6
Char Operate Level	105% ls, ±4% or ±1%ln
Overshoot Time	< 40ms
Inhibited by	Binary or Virtual Input

49 Thermal Overload

Operate levels	Operate and Alarm
Setting Range Is	0.10, 0.113.0 x In
Operate Level	100% ls, ±5% or ±1%xln
Time Constant Setting	1,1.51000min
Operate time	$t = \tau \times In \left\{ \frac{I^2 - I_p^2}{I^2 - (k \times I_B)^2} \right\}$ ±5% absolute or ±100ms where
	lp = prior current
Alarm Level	Disabled, 50,51100%
Inhibited by	Binary or Virtual Input

50 Instantaneous & DTL OC&EF

Elements	Phase (OC), Derived Earth (N) and Measured Earth (G)
Number of Elements	2 x OC
	2 x Derived EF (N)
	2 x Measured EF (G)
Setting Range Is	0.05,0.0650 x ln (OC, N)
	0.00525 x ln (G)
Time Delay	0.0014400s
Operate Level	100% ls, ±5% or ±1% x ln
Operate time:	
50, 50G	0 to 2xls – 35ms, ±10ms,
	0 to 5xls – 25ms, ±10ms
50N	0 to 2xls – 35ms, ±10ms,
	0 to 5xls – 30ms, ±10ms
Operate time following delay	Tbasic + td , $\pm 1\%$ or $\pm 10ms$
Inhibited by	Binary or Virtual Input
-	Inrush detector

51Time Delayed OC&EF)

Elements	Phase (OC), Derived Earth (N) and Measured Earth (G)
Number of Elements	2 x OC 2 x Derived EF (N) 4 x Measured EF (G)
Characteristic	IEC: NI,VI,EI,LTI ANSI: MI,VI,EI DTL
Setting Range Is	0.05, 0.12.5 x ln (OC, N) 0.005, 0.011.0 x ln (G)
Time Multiplier	0.025,0.051.6
Time Delay	0, 0.01 20s
Operate Level	105% ls, ±4% or ±1%xln
Minimum Operate time IEC ANSI	$t_{op} = \frac{K}{\left[\frac{L}{l_{K}}\right]^{\alpha} - 1} \times Tm$ $t_{op} = \left[\frac{A}{\left[\frac{L}{l_{K}}\right]^{\alpha} - 1} + B\right] \times Tm$
	\pm 5 % absolute or \pm 30 ms

Follower Delay	0 - 20s
Reset	ANSI decaying, 0 – 60s
Inhibited by	Binary or Virtual Input Inrush detector

50BF Circuit Breaker Fail

Operation	Current check
Setting Range Is	0.05,0.0552.0 x In (Phase) 0.005,0.0102.0 x In (Earth)
2 Stage Time Delays	Timer 1 0,560000ms Timer 2 0,560000ms
Operate Level	100% ls, ±5% or ±1%xln
Basic Operate time	< 20ms
Operate time following delay	Tdelay ±1% or ±10ms
Triggered by	Any function mapped as trip contact.
Inhibited by	Binary or Virtual Input

59N Neutral Voltage Displacement

Number of Elements	DT & IT
DT Setting Range Is	1100V
DT Operate Level	100% Vs, ±5% or ±1%xVn
DT Delay Setting td	014400s
DT Basic Operate Time OV to 1.5xVs	76ms ±20ms
DT Operate time following delay.	Tbasic + td , $\pm 1\%$ or $\pm 20ms$
IT Setting Range	1100V
Tm Time	0.1140
Multiplier(IDMT)	
Delay (DTL)	020s
Reset	ANSI Decaying, 0 60s
Char Operate Level	105% Vs, ±2% or ± 0.5V
Inhibited by	Binary or Virtual Input

64H Restricted Earth Fault

Setting Range	0.0050.95xIn
Operate Level	100% ls, ±5% or ±1%xln
Time Delay	0.00 14400s
Basic Operate Time	0 to 2 x ls: 45ms ±10ms 0 to 5 x ls: 35ms ±10ms
Inhibited by	Binary or Virtual Input

74TCS Trip Circuit Supervision

Number of supervisable circuits	6
en euro	
Number of BI's Required	1 or 2 per function

81 Under/Over Frequency

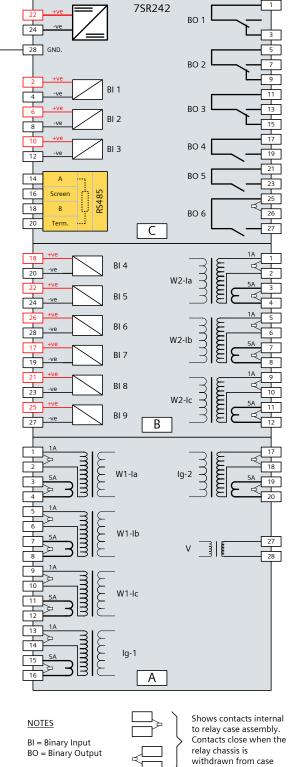
Number of Elements	6 Under or Over
Setting Range Vs	40 69.99Hz
Hysteresis Setting	0. 0.180%
Vs Operate Level	100% Fs, ±10mHz
Reset Level:	
Over frequency	(100% - hyst) x Fop, ±10mHz
Under frequency	(100% + hyst) x Fop, ±10mHz
Delay Setting td	0.00, 0.0120, 20.5100,
	1011000, 101010000,
	1010014400s
Basic Operate Time :	Typically <110ms
(for ROCOF between 0.1	Maximum <150ms
and 5.0 Hz/sec)	
Operate time following	Tbasic + td , $\pm 1\%$ or ± 10 ms
delay.	
Inhibited by	Binary or Virtual Input

87BD Biased Differential

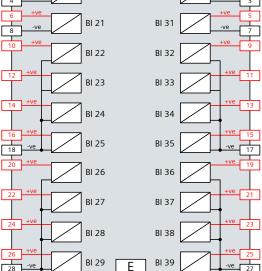
Number of Elements	1
Setting Range	
Initial	0.1, 0.15 2 x ln
1 st Bias Slope	0.1, 0.15 0.7x
1 st Bias Slope Limit	1, 2 20 x ln
2 nd Bias Slope	1, 1.5 2x
2 nd Bias Slope Type	Line, curve
Operate Level:	
Initial setting	±5% of setting or ±0.01 In
Bias slope	±10% of setting or ±0.01 In
Reset Level:	
Over frequency	(100% - hyst) x Fop, ±10mHz
Under frequency	(100% + hyst) x Fop, ±10mHz
Delay Setting td	0.000, 0.005 1s
Basic Operate Time :	
(inrush action Enabled)	
0 to 3 x lop	35ms ±10ms
0 to 10 x lop	30ms ±10ms
Operate time following	Tbasic + td , \pm 1% or \pm 10ms
delay.	
Inhibited by	Binary or Virtual Input

7SR24 Connection Diagram

Rear View: Arrangement of terminals and modules								
1••2	1••2	1••2	1 • • 2	1 • • 2				
E	D	С	В	А	Data			
Optional I/O	Optional I/O	PSU	СТ	CT/VT	Comms (Optional)			
27••28	27••28	27••28	27••28	27••28				



BI 20 BI 30



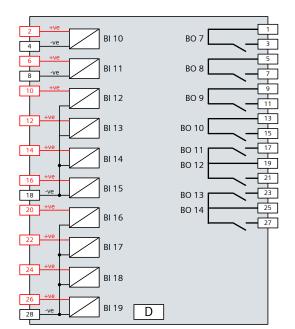


Fig2. 7SR242 Wiring Diagram

BO = Binary Output

Siemens Protection Devices Limited

7SR24 Function diagram / example of external connections

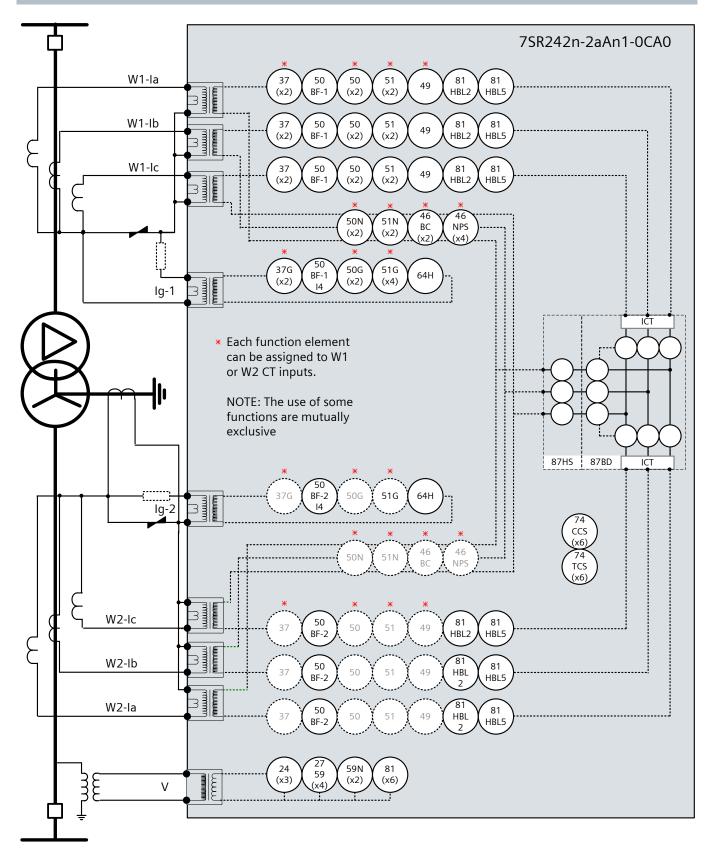


Fig3. Standard and Optional Functionality of 7SR24 Relay

Ordering Information – 7SR242 Winding Transformer Protection

Product description	Variants		Order No.	
uobias			7 S R 2 4 2 🗆	- 2 🗆 A 🗆 🗆 - 0 🗆 A
Iultifunctional 2 winding			ĪĪĪ	ĪĪĪĪĪĪ
ansformer differential	Protection Produ	<u>ct</u>		
otection	Transformer		4	
	<u>Relay Type</u>			
	Differential (2 w	inding)	2	
	Case I/O and Fase		/ C. Dimensi Quitauta 2	
	16 LEDs	EF/REF CT, 1 VT, 9 Binary Inputs	6 Binary Outputs, 2	
		EF/REF CT, 1 VT, 19 Binary Inpu	ts / 14 Binary 3	
	Outputs,		l l	
	24 LEDs		I	
		EF/REF CT, 1 VT, 39 Binary Inpu	ts / 14 Binary 4	
	Outputs,		-	
	32 LEDs			
	Measuring Input			
	1/5 A, 40/160V, !	50/60Hz		2
	A 111 I.			
	Auxiliary voltage		Jd 10'	м
		0-230V AC. Binary input thresho 0-230V AC. Binary input thresho		N I I I
	24 2300 DC/10	o 2500 r.e. binary input thesh		
	Communication	Interface		
		– included in all models, USB fi	ront port, RS485 rear	i
	port			
	Standard version	– plus additional rear F/O ST cc	nnectors (x2) and	2
	IRIG-B			
		n – plus additional rear RS485 (:		3
		n – plus additional rear RS232 (;		4
		n – plus additional rear Electrica		7
	Standard versio	n – plus additional rear Optical I	thernet Duplex (x2)	8
	Protocol			
		and Modbus RTU (user selectal	ole setting)	1 11
		and Modbus RTU and DNP 3.0	•	2
		and Modbus RTU and DNP 3.0	· ,	7-8 7
	IEC61850		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Protection Funct			ļļ
		tandard version – Included in al	Imodels	A
		nrush Detector Iverfluxing detector		
		iased current differential		
		urrent differential highset		1
		rogrammable logic		1
	For each winding	5		1
		ircuit breaker fail		11
		igh impedance REF		
		rip/Close circuit supervision		
		tandard version – plus		B
		ndercurrent		
		pen circuit		
		egative phase sequence overcu	rrent	
		hermal overload	rront	
		istantaneous phase fault overcu Istantaneous earth fault	ment	
		ime delayed phase fault overcui	rent	
			i cint	
	- 51G/51N T	ime delayed earth fault		

Ordering Information – 7SR242 Winding Transformer Protection

Product description	Variants Order No.										
Duobias			7 S	R	2 4	42	-	2 🗆	Α	- 0	0
(continued from previous page)	- 24 - 27/59 - 59N - 81 - 37/37G - 46BC - 46NPS - 49 - 50 - 50G/50N - 51 - 51G/51N Additional Fu	Standard version - plus Overfluxing Under/overvoltage Neutral voltage displacement Under/overfrequency Undercurrent Open circuit Negative phase sequence overcurrent Thermal overload Instantaneous phase fault overcurrent Instantaneous earth fault Time delayed phase fault overcurrent Time delayed earth fault									Å